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PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW		Docket Number (Optional)	
		1400.002	
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to "Mail Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450" [37 CFR 1.8(a)]	Application N	umber	Filed
	10625878		07-24-2003
on	First Named Inventor		
Signature	Mark Bradford Keener		
	Art Unit		Examiner
Typed or printed name	3689		NGUYEN, Tan D.
Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-identified application. No amendments are being filed with this request. This request is being filed with a notice of appeal. The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the attached sheet(s). Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided.			
I am the			
applicant/inventor.	WBUSKOP/		
assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed. (Form PTO/SB/96)	Signature Wendy Buskop		
	Typed or printed name		
attorney or agent of record. Registration number 32202	713-403-7411		
Registration number	Telephone number		
attorney or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34.	December 31, 2008		
Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34	Date		
NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below*.			
Total of forms are submitted.			

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:

MARK BRADFORD KEENER

Serial Number: 10/625,878

Filed: July 24, 2003

For: METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR DELIVERY OF INTRASTRUCTURE

COMPNENTS AS RELATED TO

BUSINESS PROCESSES

Confirmation Number: 9290

Examiner: NGUYEN, Tan D.

Group Art Unit: 3689

Attorney Docket Number: 1400.02

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Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

REASONS UPON WHICH REVIEW IS REQUESTED

Applicant filed a notice of appeal and is requesting pre-appeal review because Applicant believes the rejection of claim 1 under 35 USC 103 (a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Application 2002/0169658 (*Adler*) is improper for the reasons stated below. Applicant also believes the rejection of claim 1 under 35 USC 112, second paragraph, is improper for the reasons stated below.

Applicant's claim 1 was amended in response to a non-final office action dated April 25, 2008, and those amendments were entered. This request is in view of the Final Office Action dated September 26, 2008.

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Applicant's claimed invention provides a unique process for evaluating the infrastructure

of specific business processes through the creation of layer dependency/impact hierarchical

models.

The invention provides a significant advantage, in that, the models are evaluated to

readily and easily identify the value of services and technical infrastructure components relative

to the value of the core business they support (Applicants Specification, Paragraphs [0008 and

0009]).

Applicant's claims teach a system that includes devices for manipulating data, inputting

data, and viewing data, a user input device, and a network, wherein the device for manipulating

data comprises computer instructions for identifying relationships between business processes

and technology using a protocol to form a dependency and impact hierarchy.

Applicant's system includes numerous object layers, which are arranged vertically,

creating vertical dependencies, and which are in a constant and static arrangement. (Applicant's

Claim 1, as previously amended)

Applicant's system creates a thirteen layer dependency/impact hierarchical model that

represents individual technical infrastructure components as they relate to individual business

processes.

Applicant's model considers every technical infrastructure component necessary to

support any specific business activity, creating a resulting hierarchy that describes inter-

dependences between various technical infrastructure components and their impact on business

processes (Applicant's Paragraph [0008]).

In sharp contrast, Adler is directed to a system and method for predicting outcomes of

business decisions by simulating various decisions over time under varying assumptions about

the market and the overall economy (Adler, Paragraphs [0002]-[0005]). Applicant's claimed

invention is not concerned with making predictions.

In contrast to Adler, Applicants claimed invention is directed to evaluating infrastructure

in order to make informed organizational decisions and process changes. The claimed invention

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is not concerned with changing or modifying businesses goals and decisions, but with evaluating the current underlying infrastructure and technology in relation to the existing business models.

Applicant's claim 1 requires "the device adapted for manipulating data and programs comprises computer instructions for identifying relationships between business processes and technology using a protocol to form a dependency and impact hierarchy." There is no teaching or suggestion found in *Adler* for a protocol for forming a dependency and impact hierarchy.

Applicant teaches a dependency and impact hierarchy is representation of specific technical infrastructure components and their relationship to individual business processes (Applicants Original Specification, Paragraph [0015]).

In contrast, *Adler's* Figure 3 illustrates the interconnection of a set of tools for creating, running and evaluating a simulation. (*Adler*, Paragraph [0079]). *Adler's* Figure 5A represents the potential service offerings available in the E-market place (*Adler*, Paragraph [0111]). *Adler's* Figure 5A merely provides a representation of goods and services companies can offer, and the interrelation of those good and services. Further, *Adler's* figures are not concerned with the infrastructure of a business.

There is no teaching of suggestion for identifying the relationships between business processes and technology, and there is certainly no protocol to form a dependency and impact hierarchy.

Adler's Figure 12 illustrates a screen shot for a simulation subsystem (Adler, Paragraph 0087). There is no teaching or suggestion contained within the figure or the associated text for a protocol used to form a dependency and impact hierarchy, nor is there even a teaching or suggestion to form a dependency and impact hierarchy. Instead, Adler's Figure 12 provides a screen shot of the GUI for a simulation subsystem used to run the disclosed simulations (Adler, Paragraph [0085]). Each of Adler's figures 3, 5A, and 12 fail to teach or even suggest the protocol for forming a dependency and impact hierarchy for identifying relationships between business processes and technology.

The novelty of Applicant's invention appears in claim 1, which requires "the object layers [being] arranged vertically creating vertical dependencies and the object layers are in a

Application Serial No.: 10/625,878 Attorney Docket No.: 1400.002 constant and static arrangement." While the final rejection characterizes *Adler's* Figures 4, 5A, and 12 as showing "layers," these figures fail to illustrate or even suggest layers.

Instead, Adler's figures model the interaction of the systems used in Adler for simulating the consequences of business decisions. Therefore, each of Adler's figures fail to disclose or even suggest layers, like the 13 vertical layers of Applicant's claimed invention which form the dependency and impact hierarchy.

Further, Adler fails to disclose any object layers arranged vertically creating vertically dependencies as required by claim 1. Each layer is a descriptive functional element because the arrangement is based on dependencies and each layer positively serves the function of storing data. This is in sharp contrast to functional non-descriptive material which includes music or a literary. Therefore, Applicant believes the previous Office Action was in error not to giving patentable weight to "the object layers [being] arranged vertically creating vertical dependencies and the object layers are in a constant and static arrangement."

The claimed invention is concerned with the organization, technology and infrastructure of a business or related businesses. The claimed invention is not concerned with the market or creating simulations in order to predict the results of a course of action.

Applicant's invention relates to optimizing the current business practice of an entity. The claimed invention does so, through a protocol which is used to form a dependency and impact hierarchy. Applicants claimed invention is vastly different from the method and system disclosed by *Adler*, and Adler fails to teach or even suggest those limitations required by the claimed invention.

Claims 1, 4-27 were rejected under 35 USC 112. Specifically, element (f), sub elements (i)-(xiii), were rejected as vague alleging it is unclear whether the data of (i)-(xiii) is being used.

However, Applicant believes, as claimed, each of elements (i)-(xiii) are clearly layers of memory which are always present in the claimed invention (See Applicants Original Specification, Paragraph [0008], [0009] and [0015]). Each layer is utilized in the claimed invention, in that each layer, as claimed, is available to receive data. Applicant believes the claim is not rendered indefinite by the possibility that a layer may not be utilized because the

Application Serial No.: 10/625,878 Attorney Docket No.: 1400.002 claimed invention requires each layer to be available (See Applicants Original Specification, Paragraph [0025]).

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration of this 112 rejection and of this application.

Date: December 31, 2008

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